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AI-Driven Business Solutions

**FREE WHITEPAPER**

# AI Readiness Assessment Framework

A practical guide to evaluating your organisation's readiness for AI automation — scoring methodology, priority matrix, 90-day roadmap, and 12 common gaps with fixes.

Infomaze Elite Pvt. Ltd. · 23 years · ISO 27001 Certified · 1,000+ clients · 40+ AI automations in production · Mysore, India

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## 01 Executive Summary

AI automation is no longer a competitive advantage in isolation — it is becoming table stakes across logistics, manufacturing, professional services, and SaaS. The organisations that deploy it well are not necessarily the largest or the most technologically sophisticated. They are the ones that start with an honest assessment of where they actually stand.

This framework gives you the structure to make that assessment. It covers five readiness dimensions — Data, Process, Technology, Organisational, and Strategic — each scored on a 0–20 scale. The total score guides your AI investment strategy: whether to begin immediately, prepare first, or build foundational capabilities before pursuing AI automation.

**The core insight:** The most expensive AI project is one that starts before the organisation is ready. This framework costs an afternoon to complete. An unready AI deployment costs months and erodes internal trust in the technology.

### What this document covers

- A five-dimension scoring methodology to benchmark your current readiness
- Scoring guidance and what each range means for your AI strategy
- The AI Priority Matrix — which automation types are right for your current score
- A 90-day roadmap template to move from your current state to AI-ready
- 12 common readiness gaps — what they look like and how to resolve them

### How to use this framework

Complete the scoring honestly. Involve at least one operational stakeholder alongside whoever completes the technology sections — the organisational and strategic dimensions require business perspective, not just technical assessment. Once scored, use the Priority Matrix to identify which AI use cases are appropriate for your current readiness level.

## 02 Why AI Readiness Matters Before You Build

The pattern of AI project failure is remarkably consistent. Across the implementations we have been involved with — and the rescue engagements where we have been called in after a previous deployment went wrong — the root causes are almost always the same three things:

Failure cause	How it presents	How often
<b>Data not ready</b>	The AI system learns from incomplete, inconsistent, or inaccessible data. Outputs are unreliable. Trust collapses.	Most common
<b>Process undefined</b>	An automated version of an unclear process produces automated chaos. The business logic was never properly specified.	Very common
<b>No adoption ownership</b>	The system goes live. No one is responsible for adoption. The team reverts to the old way within weeks.	Common

None of these are technology problems. They are preparation problems. And they are entirely avoidable — if you assess your readiness honestly before committing budget and engineering time.

**From our experience:** Of the 40+ AI automations we have deployed, none have failed for technical reasons. The failures and near-failures were data problems, process problems, or adoption problems. The technology worked. The surrounding conditions did not.

## 03 The Five Readiness Dimensions — Overview

The framework evaluates readiness across five dimensions. Each dimension contributes a maximum of 20 points to a total score of 100. The dimensions are deliberately ordered — each builds on the previous.

#	Dimension	What it assesses	Max
1	<b>Data Readiness</b>	Is your data accessible, clean, and sufficient to train or connect an AI system?	20
2	<b>Process Readiness</b>	Is the process you want to automate defined clearly enough to be automated reliably?	20
3	<b>Technology Readiness</b>	Do your systems have the APIs, cloud access, and infrastructure AI requires?	20
4	<b>Organisational Readiness</b>	Does your organisation have the leadership commitment and skills to deploy AI?	20
5	<b>Strategic Readiness</b>	Is there a clear strategic case — defined use cases, ROI expectations, and success metrics?	20

*Total possible score: 100 points. Score interpretation is on page 11.*

04

**Dimension 1: Data Readiness**

Score: 0–20

Data is the foundation of every AI system. Before any model is trained, any pipeline is built, or any integration is connected, the quality and accessibility of your data determines the ceiling of what AI can achieve in your organisation.

**Score each item 0–4 (0 = not in place · 2 = partially · 4 = fully in place)**

Assessment question	Score (0–4)
Your key business data lives in structured systems (CRM, ERP, database) rather than mainly in spreadsheets or email.	___ / 4
Historical records go back at least 12 months for the processes you want to automate.	___ / 4
Data is entered consistently — your team follows a defined data entry process with minimal exceptions.	___ / 4
You can extract data from your systems via API, scheduled export, or connector without a bespoke development project.	___ / 4
You have a basic understanding of your data quality — known gaps, inconsistencies, or duplicates have been identified.	___ / 4

**Dimension 1 Total:** \_\_\_\_\_ / 20

**Key insight:** AI learns from your data. If the data is thin, inconsistent, or inaccessible, the AI system will reflect that — with unreliable outputs and low adoption. A six-week data remediation project before an AI build is almost always a better investment than discovering the problem six months into the project.

05

**Dimension 2: Process Readiness**

Score: 0–20

AI automates processes — not vague intentions. The most common upstream failure in AI projects is automating a process that was never clearly defined. An automated version of an undefined process produces automated chaos, reliably.

**Score each item 0–4**

Assessment question	Score (0–4)
The process you want to automate is written down clearly enough for a new employee to follow correctly on day one without asking questions.	___ / 4
You can describe every decision point and exception in the process — not just the main flow.	___ / 4
The process runs consistently — the same steps happen in the same order each time, by everyone who performs it.	___ / 4
You know the precise trigger (what starts it), the inputs, the expected outputs, and the success criteria.	___ / 4
The process has been stable for at least 3 months — it is not currently being redesigned or under review.	___ / 4

**Dimension 2 Total: \_\_\_\_\_ / 20**

**Common mistake:** Automating ‘how we currently do it’ rather than ‘how it should be done.’ AI automation is an opportunity to fix process problems — not a reason to bypass fixing them. Start with the process definition. The build follows from that.

06

**Dimension 3: Technology Readiness**

Score: 0–20

AI systems connect to your existing technology — they don’t replace it. The accessibility of your current systems via APIs, cloud connectivity, and standard protocols determines how quickly and cleanly AI can be integrated.

**Score each item 0–4**

Assessment question	Score (0–4)
Your core business systems (CRM, ERP, accounting) are cloud-based or have documented REST APIs.	___ / 4
You have someone with technical responsibility for system integrations — internal staff or a trusted external partner.	___ / 4
Your team uses consistent tools — not a different application per person for the same business function.	___ / 4
You have a test or staging environment, or the capability to test changes without risking live data.	___ / 4
Your team has experience connecting external tools or services to your existing systems (Zapier, direct API, middleware).	___ / 4

**Dimension 3 Total: \_\_\_\_\_ / 20**

**Technology readiness tip:** If your core system lacks a REST API or cloud access, plan a minimum 12-week integration layer project before any AI build. For legacy systems (Classic ASP, .NET Framework 2.0, MS Access), modernisation work is the prerequisite to the AI investment.

07

## Dimension 4: Organisational Readiness

Score: 0–20

Technology is the smallest part of an AI transformation. Organisational readiness — leadership commitment, change management capability, and team skill — predicts adoption success more reliably than any technical factor.

### Score each item 0–4

Assessment question	Score (0–4)
There is a named senior sponsor for the AI project whose own KPIs or role outcomes will improve if it succeeds.	___ / 4
The team that will use the AI output was involved in defining it — they were not just shown a demo at the end.	___ / 4
There is an agreed plan for what happens if adoption is low — not just optimism that it will work.	___ / 4
Leadership has committed time to the project, not just budget. Someone senior is actively involved.	___ / 4
Your organisation has successfully adopted a new tool or process change in the last 18 months.	___ / 4

**Dimension 4 Total:** \_\_\_\_\_ / 20

**The adoption reality:** Of the AI projects that technically worked but delivered no value, the root cause is almost always organisational. The system was built correctly. The team did not change how they worked. An AI project without a named adoption owner and a change management plan is, historically, one that will be reviewed negatively in 12 months.

08

**Dimension 5: Strategic Readiness**

Score: 0–20

Strategic readiness is about clarity of purpose. Businesses that deploy AI successfully know exactly what problem they are solving, what success looks like, and what the project is worth. Businesses that struggle start with ‘we should do something with AI’ rather than a specific operational improvement.

**Score each item 0–4**

Assessment question	Score (0–4)
You can name 2–3 specific processes or use cases where AI would have measurable operational impact.	___ / 4
You have defined what success looks like — a specific metric that will improve if the project works.	___ / 4
You have a realistic budget range in mind and leadership has approved exploring it formally.	___ / 4
You have assessed the build-vs-buy decision — you know whether to configure an existing platform or build custom.	___ / 4
There is a 12-month AI investment plan — not just a one-time project — with review checkpoints.	___ / 4

**Dimension 5 Total: \_\_\_\_\_ / 20**

**Strategic clarity test:** Write one sentence describing what will be different in your business in 12 months if this AI project succeeds. If you cannot write it, the strategic readiness work is not complete. That sentence is the project’s north star.

## 09 Scoring Your Organisation

Total your scores across all five dimensions. Each dimension contributes a maximum of 20 points to a total of 100.

Dimension	Your score	Maximum
1. Data Readiness	____ / 20	20
2. Process Readiness	____ / 20	20
3. Technology Readiness	____ / 20	20
4. Organisational Readiness	____ / 20	20
5. Strategic Readiness	____ / 20	20
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>____ / 100</b>	<b>100</b>

### Score interpretation

Score	Rating	What it means
<b>80–100</b>	<b>High readiness</b>	You are ready to begin AI automation. Start with your highest-priority use case. Move quickly — your readiness is an asset.
<b>60–79</b>	<b>Good readiness</b>	Ready for focused AI projects. Address any dimension below 10 before expanding scope. Start with one well-scoped use case.
<b>40–59</b>	<b>Partial readiness</b>	One or two dimensions are holding you back. Address the lowest-scoring dimension first — it is the bottleneck. Plan 60–90 days of preparation.
<b>20–39</b>	<b>Preparing for readiness</b>	Significant foundational work is needed. Use the 90-day roadmap (page 13) to build readiness before committing AI budget.
<b>0–19</b>	<b>Not yet ready</b>	AI investment would be premature. Focus on data structure, process documentation, and system modernisation first.

## 10 The AI Priority Matrix

Once you have your readiness score, use this matrix to prioritise which AI use cases to pursue first. Match your total score to the column, then select use cases from those rows.

AI Use Case	0–39	40–59	60–79	80–100
Workflow automation (web forms to CRM, email routing, data entry elimination)	Not yet	Possible	Yes	Yes — start here
Document processing (invoice extraction, contract reading, form capture)	Not yet	Possible	Yes	Yes
AI chatbot / RAG assistant (customer support, internal helpdesk, sales qualifier)	Not yet	Not yet	Possible	Yes
Predictive analytics (churn prediction, demand forecasting, lead scoring)	Not yet	Not yet	Possible	Yes
LLM integration (document drafting, automated summaries, knowledge base Q&A)	Not yet	Possible	Yes	Yes
Machine learning models (custom ML on your historical data)	Not yet	Not yet	Not yet	Possible

- ‘Not yet’ means the readiness foundation is not in place for this use case to succeed, even if the technology is capable.
- ‘Possible’ means proceed with caution — scope tightly, start small, plan for higher-than-normal preparation effort.
- ‘Yes’ means this use case is appropriate for your current readiness level with a well-scoped implementation.

## 11 Building Your 90-Day Roadmap

A 90-day roadmap structures AI readiness work into three 30-day phases. The structure below is a template — adapt the specific actions to your lowest-scoring dimensions.

### Phase 1 — Days 1–30: Audit and Define

- ✓ Data audit: inventory all data sources, assess quality, identify the critical gaps
- ✓ Process documentation: write step-by-step procedures for the 3 highest-priority automation candidates
- ✓ System inventory: list all core systems, identify which have APIs, which are cloud-based
- ✓ Name the AI project sponsor and adoption owner — these are not the same person
- ✓ Define 2–3 specific use case candidates with initial success metrics for each

### Phase 2 — Days 31–60: Prepare and Remediate

- ✓ Data remediation: address the highest-impact data quality gaps identified in Phase 1
- ✓ Process refinement: test documented processes with a new team member — close the gaps they surface
- ✓ Technical groundwork: API access verified, staging environment set up, integration architecture scoped
- ✓ Stakeholder alignment: brief the operational team on the first use case; establish the adoption plan
- ✓ Vendor/partner selection: shortlist 2–3 implementation options with honest assessment against the Priority Matrix

### Phase 3 — Days 61–90: Build and Validate

- ✓ Begin development on the first — and only the first — use case
- ✓ Parallel run: new system and old process run simultaneously for at least 2 weeks
- ✓ Adoption plan executed: training, documentation, and success metric tracking in place
- ✓ First retrospective: what worked, what failed, what the data revealed about readiness assumptions
- ✓ 90-day review: re-score the framework against all five dimensions — measure your progress

## 12 12 Common Readiness Gaps — and What to Do About Each

These are the gaps we encounter most frequently during AI readiness assessments. Each one is fixable — but only if it is identified before the build, not during.

<b>01</b>	<b>Data locked in a legacy system</b>	
	<b>SYMPTOM</b> The core data is in a system with no API, no reliable export, and no integration path.	<b>FIX</b> Run a data extraction audit. Assess whether middleware, a read replica, or a system modernisation project is the right path. Do not start an AI project that depends on this data until the extraction method is proven.
<b>02</b>	<b>Inconsistent data entry across the team</b>	
	<b>SYMPTOM</b> Five people enter customer data five different ways. Field names, formats, and completeness vary widely.	<b>FIX</b> Write and enforce data entry standards before any AI work. A CRM configuration project with mandatory fields and validated formats costs weeks and saves months.
<b>03</b>	<b>No documented process for what you want to automate</b>	
	<b>SYMPTOM</b> The process exists in people's heads. It runs inconsistently and nobody has written it down.	<b>FIX</b> Run a process documentation workshop. Walk the process with 3 different people who perform it. Reconcile the differences. Write the definitive version. Test it with a new team member.
<b>04</b>	<b>No API access to core systems</b>	
	<b>SYMPTOM</b> Your ERP or CRM is on-premise, end-of-life, or has no documented API.	<b>FIX</b> Assess modernisation options. The modernisation investment is the prerequisite to the AI investment.
<b>05</b>	<b>Leadership buy-in but no operational sponsor</b>	
	<b>SYMPTOM</b> The CEO approved the budget. No operational manager is accountable for adoption.	<b>FIX</b> Name an operational sponsor before the project starts. This person's KPIs must depend on adoption succeeding.
<b>06</b>	<b>No success metric defined before building</b>	
	<b>SYMPTOM</b> The project was approved with a goal of 'better visibility' or 'AI adoption.' These are not measurable.	<b>FIX</b> Write one sentence: the metric that will improve and by how much. That sentence is the project charter.
<b>07</b>	<b>Attempting too many use cases simultaneously</b>	
	<b>SYMPTOM</b> The scope included five automation priorities. None of them were fully resourced.	<b>FIX</b> Start with one. The first deployment teaches more about your real readiness than any assessment.

<b>08</b>	<b>Data quality remediation scoped as a parallel workstream</b>	
	<p><b>SYMPTOM</b> The team planned to fix the data while the AI system was being built.</p>	<p><b>FIX</b> Data remediation must complete before AI development begins, not during it.</p>
<b>09</b>	<b>No test environment</b>	
	<p><b>SYMPTOM</b> Every change goes directly to the production system.</p>	<p><b>FIX</b> Establish a staging environment before any AI build. AI integrations that go wrong in production can corrupt data and erode team trust.</p>
<b>10</b>	<b>AI vendor selected before use case was defined</b>	
	<p><b>SYMPTOM</b> The vendor demo was impressive. The contract was signed before the internal problem was clearly specified.</p>	<p><b>FIX</b> Define the problem first, in one sentence. Then evaluate vendors against that definition.</p>
<b>11</b>	<b>No adoption plan beyond 'we'll train people'</b>	
	<p><b>SYMPTOM</b> Training was scheduled for go-live week. There was no plan for what happens if the team reverts.</p>	<p><b>FIX</b> Adoption planning begins at project initiation, not at go-live. Define who owns it, how it is measured, and what happens at 30-day and 90-day reviews.</p>
<b>12</b>	<b>Expecting AI to fix a broken process</b>	
	<p><b>SYMPTOM</b> The process is inconsistent, error-prone, and poorly documented. The hope is that AI will 'fix' it.</p>	<p><b>FIX</b> AI scales what exists. A broken process automated with AI is a broken process that runs faster and generates errors at higher volume. Fix the process first.</p>

## 13 Next Steps

This framework gives you the structure to assess your readiness honestly. The score is not a judgment — it is a starting point. A score of 35 today can be a score of 65 in 90 days with focused preparation.

### What to do with your score

- Score 0–39: share this framework with your leadership team and agree on the 90-day preparation roadmap. Do not commit AI budget until preparation work is underway.
- Score 40–59: identify your lowest-scoring dimension and make it the first workstream. One well-scoped AI project in parallel with readiness work is manageable.
- Score 60–79: select your first use case from the Priority Matrix, find an implementation partner, and start with a discovery engagement to define scope and success metrics.
- Score 80–100: you are ready. Move quickly — this readiness level is an asset. Start with your highest-priority use case and build from there.

**Free AI Audit from Infomaze:** We offer a free 60-minute AI Audit where a senior Infomaze engineer reviews your score with you and gives a written assessment of your readiness. We will identify your highest-impact preparation actions and give you a realistic roadmap to your first AI deployment. No pitch. No obligation.

### About Infomaze

Infomaze is an AI automation, Zoho implementation, and custom software development company based in Mysore, India. Legal entity: Infomaze Elite Pvt. Ltd. Founded 2002. ISO 27001 certified. Over 1,000 clients across the US, UK, Australia, and Europe. 40+ AI automations live in production.

We are not a startup. We have been building business software since before cloud was a recognised category. We approach AI automation the same way — with engineering rigour, business-first thinking, and a bias for practical results over impressive demos.